UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

- v. -

CELVIN FREEMAN,

Defendant.

SUPERSEDING INDICTMENT

S1 21 Cr. 88 (JSR)

COUNT ONE

(Conspiracy to Commit Wire Fraud)

The Grand Jury charges:

BACKGROUND

1. At all times relevant to this Indictment, CELVIN FREEMAN, the defendant, and others known and unknown, were members of a criminal enterprise (the "Enterprise") based in West Africa that committed a series of frauds against individuals and businesses located across the United States, including in the Southern District of New York. The frauds perpetrated by the Enterprise have consisted of, among other frauds, business email compromises, romance scams, and fraud schemes related to the novel coronavirus/COVID-19 pandemic.

MEANS AND METHODS OF THE CONSPIRACY

2. The objective of the Enterprise's business email compromise fraud scheme was to trick and deceive businesses into wiring funds into accounts controlled by the Enterprise.

Members of the Enterprise created email accounts with slight variations of email accounts used by employees of a victim company or third parties engaged in business with a company to "spoof" or impersonate those employees or third parties. These fake email accounts were specifically designed to trick other employees of the company with access to the company's finances into thinking the fake email accounts were authentic. The fake email accounts were then used to send instructions to wire money to certain bank accounts and also included fake authorization letters for the wire transfers that contained forged signatures of company employees. By utilizing this method of deception, the Enterprise sought to trick the victims into transferring hundreds of thousands of dollars to bank accounts the victims believed were under the control of legitimate recipients of the funds as part of normal business operations, when in fact the bank accounts were under the control of members of the Enterprise.

3. The Enterprise conducted the romance scams by using electronic messages sent via email, text messaging, or online dating websites that deceived the victims, many of whom were vulnerable, older men and women who lived alone, into believing the victim was in a romantic relationship with a fake identity assumed by members of the Enterprise. Once members of the Enterprise had gained the trust of the victims using the fake

identity, they used false pretenses to cause the victims to wire money to bank accounts the victims believed were controlled by their romantic interests, when in fact the bank accounts were controlled by members of the Enterprise. At times, the members of the Enterprise also used false pretenses to cause the victims to receive funds in the victims' bank accounts, which, unbeknownst to the victims, were fraud proceeds, and to transfer those funds to accounts under the control of members of the Enterprise. The members of the Enterprise, posing as the romantic interest of the victims, also introduced the victims to other individuals purporting to be, for example, consultants or lawyers, who then used false pretenses to cause the victims to wire money to bank accounts controlled by members of the Enterprise.

4. The Enterprise conducted the COVID-19 relief-related fraud schemes by submitting fraudulent loan applications through a loan program of the United States Small Business

Administration (the "SBA") designed to provide relief to small businesses during the novel coronavirus/COVID-19 pandemic,

namely the Economic Injury Disaster Loan ("EIDL") Program. The Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security ("CARES") Act is a federal law enacted on March 29, 2020 designed to provide emergency financial assistance to the millions of Americans who are suffering the economic effects caused by the COVID-19

pandemic. The CARES Act expanded the EIDL Program, which provided U.S. small businesses with low-interest loans to provide vital economic support to help overcome the temporary loss of revenue they are experiencing due to COVID-19. The Enterprise submitted fraudulent EIDL applications in the names of actual companies to the SBA and when an EIDL loan was approved, the funds were ultimately deposited in bank accounts controlled by members of the Enterprise.

- 5. CELVIN FREEMAN, the defendant, and other members of the Enterprise, received fraud proceeds from victims of the Enterprise in personal and business bank accounts that they controlled in New York, New Jersey, Virginia, and elsewhere. The business bank accounts were opened in the names of companies formed by members of the Enterprise that were purportedly involved in, among other things, automobile sales, food imports and exports, and freight trucking and shipping. These companies include, but are not limited to, Freeman Autos LLC owned and controlled by FREEMAN. In addition to receiving fraud proceeds directly from victims of the Enterprise, FREEMAN also received fraud proceeds from other members of the Enterprise located in the United States, who themselves received fraud proceeds directly from victims.
- 6. Once CELVIN FREEMAN, the defendant, and other members of the Enterprise received fraud proceeds from victims or other

members of the Enterprise, they laundered those fraud proceeds to other members of the Enterprise abroad. FREEMAN and other members of the Enterprise primarily laundered the fraud proceeds through their businesses by using the proceeds to purchase automobiles, food products, and other goods and shipping those products to Ghana and elsewhere. These transactions had the appearance of legitimate business transactions when, in fact, the products had been purchased using the proceeds of fraud schemes. This trade-based money laundering scheme was designed to obscure the origin of the fraud proceeds as well as the identity of the ultimate beneficiaries of these schemes.

STATUTORY ALLEGATIONS

- 7. From at least in or about 2014 through in or about February 2021, in the Southern District of New York and elsewhere, CELVIN FREEMAN, the defendant, and others known and unknown, willfully and knowingly combined, conspired, confederated, and agreed together and with each other to commit wire fraud, in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1343.
- 8. It was a part and an object of the conspiracy that CELVIN FREEMAN, the defendant, and others known and unknown, willfully and knowingly, having devised and intending to devise a scheme and artifice to defraud and for obtaining money and property by means of false and fraudulent pretenses,

representations, and promises, would and did transmit and cause to be transmitted by means of wire, radio, and television communication in interstate and foreign commerce, writings, signs, signals, pictures, and sounds for the purpose of executing such scheme and artifice, in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1343, to wit, FREEMAN engaged in a scheme to receive interstate wire transfers and cash deposits from victims of fraud schemes via bank accounts controlled by FREEMAN and other members of the conspiracy.

(Title 18, United States Code, Section 1349.)

COUNT TWO

(Wire Fraud)

- 9. The allegations contained in paragraphs 1 through 6 of this Indictment are repeated and realleged as if fully set forth herein.
- 10. From in or about 2014 through in or about February 2021, in the Southern District of New York and elsewhere, CELVIN FREEMAN, the defendant, willfully and knowingly, having devised and intending to devise a scheme and artifice to defraud, and for obtaining money and property by means of false and fraudulent pretenses, representations, and promises, transmitted and caused to be transmitted by means of wire, radio, and television communication in interstate and foreign commerce,

writings, signs, signals, pictures, and sounds, for the purpose of executing such scheme and artifice, to wit, FREEMAN received interstate wire transfers and cash deposits from victims of fraud schemes via bank accounts controlled by FREEMAN.

(Title 18, United States Code, Sections 1343 and 2.)

COUNT THREE

(Money Laundering Conspiracy)

- 11. The allegations contained in paragraphs 1 through 6 of this Indictment are repeated and realleged as if fully set forth herein.
- 12. From in or about 2014 through in or about February 2021, in the Southern District of New York and elsewhere, CELVIN FREEMAN, the defendant, and others known and unknown, intentionally and knowingly combined, conspired, confederated, and agreed together and with each other to commit money laundering, in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1956(a)(1)(B)(i).
- 13. It was a part and object of the conspiracy that CELVIN FREEMAN, the defendant, and others known and unknown, knowing that the property involved in certain financial transactions represented proceeds of some form of unlawful activity, would and did conduct and attempt to conduct such financial transactions, which in fact involved the proceeds of specified

unlawful activity, to wit, the wire fraud scheme charged in Counts One and Two of this Indictment, in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Sections 1343 and 1349, knowing that the transactions were designed in whole and in part to conceal and disguise the nature, location, source, ownership, and control of the proceeds of specified unlawful activity, in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1956(a)(1)(B)(i).

(Title 18, United States Code, Section 1956(h).)

COUNT FOUR

(Conspiracy to Receive Stolen Money)

- 14. The allegations contained in paragraphs 1 through 6 of this Indictment are repeated and realleged as if fully set forth herein.
- 15. From in or about 2014 through in or about February 2021, in the Southern District of New York and elsewhere, CELVIN FREEMAN, the defendant, and others known and unknown, willfully and knowingly combined, conspired, confederated, and agreed together and with each other to commit an offense against the United States, to wit, a violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 2315.
- 16. It was a part and object of the conspiracy that CELVIN FREEMAN, the defendant, and others known and unknown, would and did receive, possess, conceal, store, barter, sell, and dispose

of goods, wares, merchandise, securities, and money, of the value of \$5,000 and more, which had crossed a state and United States boundary after being stolen, unlawfully converted, and taken, knowing the same to have been stolen, unlawfully converted, and taken, in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 2315.

OVERT ACTS

- 17. In furtherance of said conspiracy and to effect the illegal object thereof, the following overt acts, among others, was committed in the Southern District of New York and elsewhere:
- a. On or about May 5, 2017, CELVIN FREEMAN, the defendant, received approximately \$10,000 in fraud proceeds which FREEMAN transferred, at least in part, through a correspondent bank in Manhattan, New York.
- b. On or about July 5, 2018, CELVIN FREEMAN, the defendant, received approximately \$50,000 in fraud proceeds in a business bank account FREEMAN controlled in New Jersey.

(Title 18, United States Code, Section 371.)

COUNT FIVE

(Receipt of Stolen Money)

The Grand Jury further charges:

- 18. The allegations contained in paragraphs 1 through 6 of this Indictment are repeated and realleged as if fully set forth herein.
- 19. From in or about 2014 through in or about February 2021, in the Southern District of New York and elsewhere, CELVIN FREEMAN, the defendant, received, possessed, concealed, stored, bartered, sold, and disposed of goods, wares, merchandise, securities, and money, of the value of \$5,000 and more, which had crossed a state and United States boundary after being stolen, unlawfully converted, and taken, knowing the same to have been stolen, unlawfully converted, and taken, to wit, FREEMAN received proceeds of fraud schemes which were transferred from bank accounts and money transfer locations outside of New York through at least one bank in New York and elsewhere.

(Title 18, United States Code, Sections 2315 and 2.)

COUNT SIX

(Conspiracy to Operate an Unlicensed Money Transmitting Business)

- 20. The allegations contained in paragraphs 1 through 6 of this Indictment are repeated and realleged as if fully set forth herein.
- 21. From in or about 2014 through in or about February 2021, in the Southern District of New York and elsewhere, CELVIN FREEMAN, the defendant, and others known and unknown, willfully and knowingly did combine, conspire, confederate, and agree together and with each other to commit an offense against the United States, to wit, operation of an unlicensed money transmitting business, in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1960.
- 22. It was a part and object of the conspiracy that CELVIN FREEMAN, the defendant, and others known and unknown, knowingly would and did conduct, control, manage, supervise, direct, and own all and part of an unlicensed money transmitting business affecting interstate and foreign commerce, to wit, a business used to facilitate and transfer United States dollars to Ghana and elsewhere, which: (a) was operated without an appropriate money transmitting license in a State where such operation is punishable as a misdemeanor or felony under State law, to wit, New York, in violation of New York Banking Law Sections 640 et

seq., and New Jersey, in violation of New Jersey Statutes

Annotated, Title 17, Sections 15C-l et. seq.; and (b) failed to

comply with the money transmitting business registration

requirements set forth in Title 31, United States Code, Section

5330, and the regulations prescribed thereunder, in violation of

Title 18, United States Code, Section 1960.

(Title 18, United States Code, Section 371.)

COUNT SEVEN

(Operation of an Unlicensed Money Transmitting Business)

The Grand Jury further charges:

February 2021, in the Southern District of New York and elsewhere, CELVIN FREEMAN, the defendant, knowingly conducted, controlled, managed, supervised, directed, and owned all and part of an unlicensed money transmitting business affecting interstate and foreign commerce which: (a) was operated without an appropriate money transmitting license in a State where such operation is punishable as a misdemeanor or felony under State law, to wit, New York, in violation of New York Banking Law Sections 640 et seq., and New Jersey, in violation of New Jersey Statutes Annotated, Title 17, Sections 15C-1 et. seq.; and (b) failed to comply with the money transmitting business registration requirements set forth in Title 31, United States Code, Section 5330, and the regulations prescribed thereunder,

to wit, FREEMAN operated an unlicensed business located in New Jersey used to facilitate and transfer United States dollars to Ghana and elsewhere.

(Title 18, United States Code, Sections 1960 and 2.)

FORFEITURE ALLEGATIONS

- 24. As the result of committing the wire fraud and stolen property offenses charged in Counts One, Two, Four, and Five of this Indictment, CELVIN FREEMAN, the defendant, shall forfeit to the United States, pursuant to Title 18, United States Code, Section 981(a)(1)(C) and Title 28, United States Code, Section 2461(c), any and all property, real and personal, which constitutes or is derived from proceeds traceable to the commission of said offenses, including but not limited to a sum of money in United States currency representing the amount of proceeds traceable to the commission of said offenses.
- 25. As a result of committing the money laundering and unlicensed money transmitting business offenses alleged in Counts Three, Six, and Seven of this Indictment, CELVIN FREEMAN, the defendant, shall forfeit to the United States, pursuant to Title 18, United States Code, Section 982(a)(1), any and all property, real and personal, involved in said offenses, and any property traceable to such property, including but not limited to a sum of money in United States currency representing the amount of property involved in said offenses.

Substitute Assets Provision

- 26. If any of the above-described forfeitable property, as a result of any act or omission of the defendant:
- a. cannot be located upon the exercise of due diligence;
- b. has been transferred or sold to, or deposited with, a third person;
- c. has been placed beyond the jurisdiction of the Court;
 - d. has been substantially diminished in value; or
- e. has been commingled with other property which cannot be subdivided without difficulty; it is the intent of the United States, pursuant to Title 21, United States Code, Section 853(p), and Title 28, United States Code, Section 2461(c), to seek forfeiture of any other property of the defendant up to the value of the forfeitable property described above.

(Title 18, United States Code, Sections 981 and 982; Title 21, United States Code, Section 853; and Title 28, United States Code, Section 2461.)

FOREPERSON

United States Attorney

Form No. USA-33s-274 (Ed. 9-25-58)

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(18 U.S.C. §§ 371, 1343, 1349, 1956(h), 1960, 2315, and 2)

DAMIAN WILLIAMS

United States Attorney

Foreperson

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